

European Security and Defence College

Doc: ESDC/2025/042 **Date:** 19 February 2025

Origin: Executive Academic Board

Curriculum

To be reviewed in

February 2027

Activity number 51

Advanced Modular Training (AMT) for CSDP Strategic Crisis Management

ECTS

3

CORRELATION WITH CTG / MTG TRAs	EQUIVALENCES
Civilian Training Area n. 22: Planning (strategic and operational planning	
situational awareness)	
Civilian Training Area n. 29: The EU Integrated approach to external	ESQF MILOF
conflicts and crises applied to CSDP;	Level 2
Military Training Discipline n.1: Operations Planning for CSDP	Focus: POL CIV-MIL
Military Training Discipline n.9: Leadership and Management	

Target audience

The course is open to civilian and senior military (OF-3 and above) personnel earmarked to work or working in CSDP implementation—related posts within Member States, the EEAS crisis management structures, CEUMC Office, CSDP Civilian and Military Missions and Operations, EU Institutions and Agencies working in the field of external action (e.g. DG ECHO, SATCEN, EDA), EU Delegations, EU HQs and other relevant military and civilian institutions at national level.

Open to:

EU Member States, EU Institutions, Bodies and Agencies

<u>Aim</u>

The aim of this course is to equip senior civilian and military officers with the planning, management skills, and knowledge needed to effectively carry out responsibilities within the Common Security and Defence Policy (CSDP) Strategic Crisis Management. AMT is based on the understanding that CSDP implementation is a central component of the EU's external action, based on the collective toolkit accessible to the EEAS, EU Commission, and EU Member States.

Methodology

Course participants will engage with key aspects of interaction among crisis management structures, through practical exercises and moderated discussions on procedures, key stages, and planning tools at the strategic level, all within the context of the EU Integrated Approach to Conflicts and Crisis. The course structure is sequential, using modules as building blocks, and drawing on the diverse experiences and expertise of the participants.

The course uses a fictional scenario and crisis management planning methodologies as a platform to develop skills and deepen knowledge, supported by both eLearning and in-person classes.

Learning Outcomes			
	LO 1 Explore the Integrated Approach by investigating the common aspects of the full		
Knowledge	conflict cycle (shared conflict analyses and prevention, conflict sensitivity,		
	mediation support, EU responses to crises, gender sensitivity, stabilisation, etc).		
	LO 2 Discuss the advance planning, EU Crisis Response Mechanism (CRM) and		
	Crisis Management Procedures (CMP)		
	LO 3 Explain the Crisis Response Planning process for a CSDP operation or mission		
	and the roles and responsibilities of the relevant EU bodies.		

	LO 4 Discuss the challenges of the transfer of authority in CSDP operations planning			
	from the political-strategic to the strategic level. LO 5 Understand the wider context of EU Security and Defence (i.e EU Strategic			
	Compass, Global Strategy, Civilian CSDP Compact)			
	LO 6 Practice a conflict situation by addressing the nature of the crisis, actors in the			
	crisis and their interests, identify possible scenarios to the crisis and formulate			
Skills	potential EU response options within the framework of existing global and			
	regional strategies			
	LO 7 Contribute to planning for a potential crisis, and potential exit strategies.			
	LO 8 Explain the key principles guiding the EU Integrated Approach to external conflict			
	and crises, by understanding the internal-external security nexus and			
	acknowledging the humanitarian-development-peace nexus in fragile			
Responsibility and Autonomy	environments.			
	LO 9 Operate as part of a planning team under the direction and guidance of a senior			
	strategic planner/ team leader.			
	LO 10 Promote a conflict sensitive approach to fragile countries, human rights, gender			
	and Women Peace and Security Agenda			

Evaluation and verification of learning outcomes

The course is evaluated according to the Kirkpatrick model: it makes use of level 1 evaluation (based on participant's satisfaction with the course).

In order to complete the course, participants have to accomplish all learning objectives. They are evaluated based on the active contribution in the residential module, including their group work session and practical activities as well as on their completion of the eLearning phase (course participants finalise the autonomous knowledge units (AKUs) and pass the tests (*mandatory*), scoring at least 80% in the incorporated out-test/quiz). Active observation by the course director/lead instructor and feedback questionnaire filled by course participants at the end of the course are used.

However, no formal verification of learning outcome is foreseen; proposed ECTS is based on participants' workload only.

Course structure

This course requires important previous knowledge and experience on CSDP. Therefore, participants are expected to have substantial prior knowledge on CSDP. Participation in the CSDP Orientation course and/ or relevant experience in the CSDP domain is highly recommended. AMT follows in the form of two modules: EU Integrated Approach (AMT 1) and CSDP Crisis Management (AMT 2). The latter is offered in two options: CSDP Crisis Management at the Political-Strategic Level (AMT 2a) and CSDP Crisis Management at the Strategic Level (AMT 2b). AMT 1 is mandatory and depending on interest, participants must opt for either AMT 2a or AMT 2b.

The time gaps between the prerequisite course and two AMT modules should by judiciously planned by the training providers to allow participants to take the recommended eLearning, to reflect on major themes, engage in social learning and apply the acquired skills on-the-job.

Module	Suggested Working Hours + (required for individual learning, E-Learning, etc)	Suggested Contents
MODULE 1 Integrated Approach	44 + (8)	 1.1 The EU Integrated Approach and the common aspects of the full conflict cycle. 1.2 Process and procedures used in the EEAS Crisis Response Mechanism. 1.3 Other EU crisis response mechanisms (Council and Commission)

		 1.4 Analysis of a conflict situation, the root causes of the crisis and its actors, identification of possible scenarios to the crisis and formulation of potential EU response options within the framework of existing global and regional strategies 1.5 Theory of change and its application to EU external action context. 1.6 Key principles guiding the EU Integrated Approach to external conflict and crises, the security-development nexus and the humanitarian-development in fragile environments. 1.7 Conflict sensitive approach to fragile countries, human rights, gender and Women Peace and Security Agenda
2. MODULE 2a CSDP Crisis Management (political-strategic level)	44 + (8)	 2.1 Crisis Response Planning for a CSDP operation or mission and the roles and responsibilities of the relevant bodies. 2.2 Politico-strategic level planning for a potential crisis, possible scenarios and including potential exit strategies. 2.3 Challenges of the transfer of authority in CSDP operations planning from the political-strategic to the strategic level. 2.4 Group work exercises simulating a core planning team at the political-strategic level under the direction and guidance of a senior strategic planner/ team leader.
3. MODULE 2b CSDP Crisis Management (strategic level)	44 + (8)	 3.1 Crisis response planning for a CSDP operation or mission and the roles and responsibilities of the relevant bodies. 3.2 Strategic level planning for a potential crisis. 3.3 Challenges of the transfer of authority in CSDP operations planning from the political-strategic to the strategic level. 3.4 Group work exercises simulating a planning team at the strategic level under the direction and guidance of a senior planner/ team leader
TOTAL	88 + (16)	

ELearning:	
AKU 55 – EU Strategic Compass AKU4 - CSDP Crisis Management Structures and the Chain of Command AKU6 - CSDP Decision Shaping/Making AKU 17 - Fragility and Crisis Management AKU 11A - Gender and the UNSCR 1325 women, peace and security agenda AKU 29 - Conflict Sensitivity (provided	
by EC/DG INTPA)	
AKU - Scenario	
Materials EU Global Strategy, Council Conclusions implementing EU Global Strategy and relevant EU polices and concepts including the EU Strategic Compass and the Civilian CSDP Compact.	
Other publications on CSDP/CFSP related issues – supplemental material aimed to enhance knowledge on a specific topic.	

To be reviewed in

February 2027

Activity number 51/1

Advanced Modular Training for CSDP Strategic Crisis Management Module 1 – Integrated Approach

ECTS
1

Aim

The aim of the EU Integrated Approach Module is to explore the EU Integrated Approach to external conflicts and crises, helping course participants better understand the roles and positioning of various EU external levers of power within a multi-dimensional, multi-phased, multi-lateral, and multi-level context.

Learning Outcomes			
	LO 1 Explore the Integrated Approach by investigating the common aspects of the full conflict		
	cycle (shared conflict analyses and prevention, conflict sensitivity, mediation support,		
	EU responses to crises, gender sensitivity, stabilisation, etc.).		
Knowledge	LO 2 Describe the process and mechanisms used in the EEAS Crisis Response Mechanism		
	and Crisis Management Procedures (CMP).		
	LO 3 Discuss other EU crisis response mechanisms (Council and Commission)		
	LO 4 Discuss the theory of change and its application to EU external action context.		
	LO 5 Analyse a conflict situation by addressing the nature of the crisis, actors in the crisis and		
Skills	their interests, identify possible scenarios to the crisis and formulate potential EU		
	response options within the framework of existing global and regional strategies		
	LO 6 Share the key principles guiding the EU Integrated Approach to external conflict and		
	crises, by understanding the security-development nexus and acknowledging the		
Responsibility and Autonomy	humanitarian-development one in fragile environments.		
and Autonomy	LO 6 Promote a conflict sensitive approach to fragile countries, human rights, gender and		
	Women Peace and Security Agenda		

Evaluation and verification of learning outcomes

The course is evaluated according to the Kirkpatrick model: it makes use of level 1 evaluation (based on participant's satisfaction with the course).

In order to complete the course, participants have to accomplish all learning objectives. They are evaluated based on the active contribution in the residential module, including their group work session and practical activities as well as on their completion of the eLearning phase (course participants finalise the autonomous knowledge units (AKUs) and pass the tests (*mandatory*), scoring at least 80% in the incorporated out-test/quiz). Active observation by the course director/lead instructor and feedback questionnaire filled by course participants at the end of the course are used.

However, no formal verification of learning outcome is foreseen; proposed ECTS is based on participants' workload only.

Module structure

The module builds on the basic knowledge and concepts assimilated during CSDP Orientation Course (highly reccommended) and anticipate a more detailed introspection within the crisis response mode of CSDP tools practiced during CSDP Crisis Management (Module 2 of the AMT).

Main Topic	Suggested Working Hours + (required for individual learning, E-Learning, etc)	Suggested Contents

		T
 EU Integrated Approach to Conflict and Crisis Describe conflict sensitivity Discuss the EU Integrated Approach Policy Framework, as well as application in practice. Using a fictitious scenario, describe the conflict context. Explore implications for the EU Integrated Approach to Conflicts and Crises. 	10 + (4)	 Conflict Sensitivity approaches and methodology – links with conflict analysis. EU Integrated Approach Policy Framework Conflict Prevention, Peace Building and Security Issues under external cooperation instruments EEAS Crisis Response Mechanism and Crisis Management Procedures (CMP) EEAS Crisis Response Center (CRC) Other EU crisis response mechanisms (Council and Commission The application in practice of the EU Integrated Approach Multi-dimensional. Addressing possible causes of a crisis (political, diplomatic, security, structural, economic, social, environmental, developmental and cultural), what responses are in the EU toolbox (e.g. diplomacy; CSDP; development; humanitarian; neighbourhood; justice and home affairs, etc.)? Multi-phased. Who does what across the crisis stages/ multiple phases of conflict? Multilateral. How does EU cooperate with other external partners to tackle the crisis (UN, AU, NATO etc.)? Multilevel. What does EU do at all levels (international, regional, national and local) to address the crisis? The process and mechanisms used in the EEAS advance planning crisis response mechanism. Teas and EUSRs, in implementing the Integrated Approach on the field
2. Conflict Analysis Methodologies. EU approach to conflict analysis • Explore conflict analysis methodologies and the EU approach to it. • Using a fictitious scenario, discuss the conflict analysis application in practice. • Apply several conflict analysis tools. • Explore implications for the EU Integrated Approach to external Conflicts and Crises.	16 + (2)	 Understanding conflict, dynamics, and prevention. Types of conflict analysis methodologies, scope, purposes etc. EU approach to conflict analysis Conflict context in which EU and international actors make decisions on engagement in crisis. Possible causes of conflict and factors providing for resilience Actor analysis; conflict Dynamics; key gaps, options and realistic strategies to respond to the conflict Impact of conflict context on key policy areas (Development – including SSR, Political agreements – including Mediation, Humanitarian assistance, Conflict prevention, Crisis response and CSDP, Stabilisation, Transitional Justice). Linking conflict analysis with conflict sensitive and Do no Harm approaches
3. Theory of Change		3.1 Principles of theory of change
Discuss the outcomes of the application of theory of change to manage a crisis.	4	3.2 Need, context and options to move from unacceptable to acceptable/ desirable conditions in a crisis.
4. From Conflict Analysis to the Political Framework to Crisis Approach (PFCA) • Explain PFCA in the context of crisis management procedures. • Using a fictitious scenario, analyse the civilian and military dimensions of the crisis, its actors and possible impact on EU interests,	14 + (2)	 4.1 PFCA in context of EU Crisis Management Procedures. Process and content 4.2 Why PFCA? Who needs it? Who is in charge/penholder and who contributes? Alternatives to PFCA 4.3 Why the EU should intervene? (interests) What the EU wishes to achieve (strategic objectives for EU action). 4.4 Assess policy options available to the EU; broad options. 4.5 From Conflict Analysis to PFCA – practical session:

values and objectives in the region. Derive EU policy options to crisis from conflict analysis. Assess the risks of EU intervention/ non-intervention in the crisis. Explore resource implications from various response options.		 Impact of the crisis on EU interests and values given the current global and regional strategic framework. What the EU wishes to achieve, and why: strategic objectives for EU-action. Risks. What are the risks of the EU not taking action, and what are the risks of taking action, including on the conflict itself. Assess policy options available to the EU; broad options covering a range of potential activity, separated by the type of instrument available to implement them; short, mid and long terms. Potential interrelations. Resource Implications. A rough, high level, initial costs of EU involvement to assess the financial feasibility of options. 4.6 The process and mechanisms used in the EEAS crisis response mechanism. 4.7 Other EU crisis response mechanisms and their interaction
TOTAL	44 + (8)	

To be reviewed in

February 2027

Activity number 51/2a

Advanced Modular Training for CSDP Strategic Crisis Management Module 2a – Crisis Management at the political-strategic level

ECTS

2

Aim

The aim of CSDP Crisis Management at the Political-Strategic Level Module is to familirise course participants with the relevant aspects of interaction among crisis management structures, with practical exercises and discussing procedures, key stages and planning tools of crisis management at the political-strategic level, as part of the EU Integrated Approach to Conflict and Crisis.

Learning Objectives			
Knowledge	 LO 1 Discuss the interaction among crisis management structures before and during planning for a response to a crisis LO 2 Explain the Crisis Response Planning for a CSDP operation or mission and the roles and responsibilities of the relevant bodies. LO 3 Discuss the challenges of the transfer of authority in CSDP operations planning from the political-strategic to the strategic level. 		
Skills	LO 4 Contribute to planning for a potential crisis response.		
Responsibility and Autonomy	LO 5 Operate as part of a planning team at the political-strategic level under the direction and guidance of a senior strategic planner/ team leader.		

Evaluation and verification of learning outcomes

The course is evaluated according to the Kirkpatrick model: it makes use of level 1 evaluation (based on participant's satisfaction with the course).

In order to complete the course, participants have to accomplish all learning objectives. They are evaluated based on the active contribution in the residential module, including their group work session and practical activities as well as on their completion of the eLearning phase (course participants finalise the autonomous knowledge units (AKUs) and pass the tests (*mandatory*), scoring at least 80% in the incorporated out-test/quiz). Active observation by the course director/lead instructor and feedback questionnaire filled by course participants at the end of the course are used.

However, no formal verification of learning outcome is foreseen; proposed ECTS is based on participants' workload only.

Module structure

In AMT 2a, participants will be exposed to the main aspects of interaction among EU crisis management structures by practicing key stages and tools of EU crisis management at the political-strategic level (from PFCA to Strategic Options).

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Main Topic Main Topic (required for individual learning, E-Learning, etc)	Suggested Contents

Crisis management procedures and EU overall approach (PFCA) Summarize the planning process and associated activities/ documents at the political-strategic level.	4 + (2)	 Crisis management procedures and associated activities/ documents at the political-strategic level Phases of crisis management procedures Roles and responsibilities of crisis management structures in planning Potential role and availability of the civilian and military CSDP instrument, as part of EU Integrated Approach to conflict and crisis (CMC) Key elements for the development of further planning documents (CMC, IMD). Strategic Review Post-crisis recovery/ stabilization aspects
Crisis Management Concept (CMC) Development Using a fictitious scenario, construct the potential role and availability of the military and civilian CSDP instrument, as part of EU comprehensive response to a crisis (CMC).	14 + (2)	2.1 Key elements of the Crisis Management Concept (CMC)
3. Strategic Options (C/MSO) and Initiating Military Directive (IMD) Development Using a fictitious scenario, elaborate on the civilian/military contribution to the crisis resolution (Strategic Options) and discuss the planning at the strategic level (Initiating Military Directive - IMD). Develop key elements of strategic options	20 + (4)	 3.1 Civilian and Military contribution to planning at the political-strategic level; the estimate, with emphasis on key factor analysis 3.2 Roles and responsibilities of EU actors involved in planning 3.3 Content and the production process of MSO and IMD. 3.4 Roles of various committees on CSDP Decision making (e.g. PSC, EUMC, CIVCOM, PMG) 3.5 Content and the production process of CIVCOM and Military Advices and PMG recommendations on planning documents. 3.6 Key elements of the C/MSOs and IMD Requirements and challenges of transition of planning from political- strategic to strategic level
Functional dimensions of planning at the political-strategic level Discuss the functional dimensions of planning	6 + (0)	Contribution and mainstreaming various functions to CSDP Planning (e.g. legal, logistics, intelligence, strategic communication, gender)
TOTAL	44 + (8)	

To be reviewed in

February 2027

Activity number 51/2b

Advanced Modular Training for CSDP Strategic
Crisis Management
Module 2b - CSDP Crisis Management at the
strategic level

ECTS

2

<u>Aim</u>

The aim of the CSDP Crisis Management at the Strategic Level Module is to familiarize course participants with the key aspects of interaction among crisis management structures. This will be achieved through practical exercises and discussions on procedures, key stages, and planning tools at the strategic level, all within the framework of the EU Integrated Approach to Conflict and Crisis.

Learning Outcomes				
	LO 1 Discuss the interaction among crisis management structures before and during			
	planning for a response to a crisis			
	LO 2 Explain the crisis response planning for a CSDP operation or mission and the roles and			
Knowledge	responsibilities of the relevant bodies			
	LO 3 Discuss the aim and role of CONOPS and OPLAN as part of the planning process			
	LO 4 Discuss the challenges of the transfer of authority in CSDP operations planning from			
	the political-strategic to the strategic level.			
Skills	LO 5 Contribute to operations planning for a potential crisis response.			
Responsibility and Autonomy	LO 6 Operate as part of a planning team at the strategic level under the direction and guidance of a senior planner/ team leader			

Evaluation and verification of learning outcomes

The course is evaluated according to the Kirkpatrick model: it makes use of *level 1 evaluation* (based on participant's satisfaction with the course).

In order to complete the course, participants have to accomplish all learning objectives. They are evaluated based on the active contribution in the residential module, including their group work session and practical activities as well as on their completion of the eLearning phase (course participants finalise the autonomous knowledge units (AKUs) and pass the tests (*mandatory*), scoring at least 80% in the incorporated out-test/quiz). Active observation by the course director/lead instructor and feedback questionnaire filled by course participants at the end of the course are used.

However, no formal verification of learning outcome is foreseen; proposed ECTS is based on participants' workload only.

Module structure

In AMT 2b, participants will be exposed to the main aspects of interaction among EU crisis management structures by practicing key stages and tools of EU crisis management planning at the strategic level (CONOPS development only).

development only).				
Main Topic	Suggested Working Hours + (required for individual learning, E-Learning, etc)	Suggested Contents		

a civilian mission at the strategic level 3. Planning for CSDP military missions and operations • Using a fictitious scenario, practice key stages of CONOPS development • Discuss the key stages of operations planning at the strategic and operational levels 4. Functional dimensions of planning at the strategic level • Discuss the functional dimensions of panning at the strategic level	26 + (4) 6 44 + (8)	 2.5 OPLAN/ MIP Benchmarking 3.1 Military Operations Planning at the Strategic level Process 3.2 Military estimate at the military strategic-level with emphasis on key factor and centre of gravity analysis; 3.3 Requirements and challenges of transition of planning from political- strategic to military-strategic level 3.4 Key elements of CONOPS (and OPLAN/MPLAN) 4.1 Contribution and mainstreaming various functions to CSDP Planning (e.g. legal, logistics, intelligence, strategic communication, gender)
	6 + (2)	Civilian Operations Planning at the Strategic level Process Coordination CPCC-MPCC through the Joint Support Coordination Cell Coordination CPCC-OHQ Civilian CONOPS development. Case study
Crisis management procedures and EU overall approach (PFCA) summarize the planning process and associated activities/ documents at the political-strategic level.	5 + (2)	 1.1 Crisis management procedures and associated activities/ documents at the political-strategic level 1.2 Phases of crisis management procedures 1.3 Roles and responsibilities of crisis management structures in planning 1.4 Content of PFCA 1.5 Key elements for the development of further planning documents (CMC, IMD). 1.6 Strategic Review